

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier DURA STRIP
Other means of identification None.
Recommended use ALL PROPER AND LEGAL PURPOSES
Recommended restrictions None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
Manufacturer
Company name DURACORP
Address 2664 Vista Pacific Dr.
 Oceanside, CA 92056 800-795-4750
Telephone
E-mail customerservice@prolinestamps.com.
Emergency phone number 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Physical hazards | Flammable liquids | Category 3 |
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, oral | Category 4 |
| | Acute toxicity, dermal | Category 3 |
| | Acute toxicity, inhalation | Category 2 |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1B |
| | Reproductive toxicity | Category 1A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 1 |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 1 | |
| Environmental hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection.

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| Response | If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment is urgent (see this label). Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. |
| Supplemental information | None. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|------------|-------|
| METHANE, DICHLORO- | | 75-09-2 | 80.25 |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- | | 111-76-2 | 7.5 |
| METHANOL | | 67-56-1 | 7.5 |
| BENZENE, METHYL- | | 108-88-3 | 3 |
| PARAFFIN WAXES AND HYDROCARBON WAXES | | 8002-74-2 | 1 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 0.75 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

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| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

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| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

| | |
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| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Flammable liquid and vapor. |

6. Accidental release measures

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

7. Handling and storage

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Precautions for safe handling | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". |
|--------------------------------------|---|

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

| Components | Type | Value |
|----------------------------------|------|---------|
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | STEL | 125 ppm |
| | TWA | 25 ppm |

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|-----------------------------------|------|-----------|
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | PEL | 240 mg/m3 |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | PEL | 50 ppm |
| | | 260 mg/m3 |
| | | 200 ppm |

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | Ceiling | 300 ppm |
| | TWA | 200 ppm |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|---------|-------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | STEL | 250 ppm | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| | | 2 mg/m3 | Fume. |
| PARAFFIN WAXES AND HYDROCARBON WAXES (CAS 8002-74-2) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Fume. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|-------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | STEL | 560 mg/m3 | |
| | | 150 ppm | |
| | | 375 mg/m3 | |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| | | 24 mg/m3 | |
| | | 5 ppm | |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | STEL | 325 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| | | 260 mg/m3 | |
| PARAFFIN WAXES AND HYDROCARBON WAXES (CAS 8002-74-2) | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| | | 2 mg/m3 | Fume. |
| | | | |

Biological limit values

| ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|--|-----------|--|---------------------|---------------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | 0.3 mg/g | o-Cresol, with hydrolysis | Creatinine in urine | * |
| | 0.03 mg/l | Toluene | Urine | * |
| | 0.02 mg/l | Toluene | Blood | * |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | 200 mg/g | Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis | Creatinine in urine | * |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | 0.3 mg/l | Dichloromethane | Urine | * |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | 15 mg/l | Methanol | Urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | Skin designation applies. |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | Skin designation applies. |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | Skin designation applies. |

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The following are recommendations for Personnel Protective Equipment (PPE). The employer/user of this product must perform a Hazard Assessment of the workplace according to OSHA regulations 29 CFR 1910.132 to determine the appropriate PPE for use while performing any task involving potential exposure to this product.

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

| | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Form | Liquid. |
| Color | Colorless |
| Odor | STRONG |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 129.12 °F (53.95 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | 95.0 °F (35.0 °C) |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower(%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper(%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Density | 10.70 lbs/gal |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Flammability class | Flammable IC estimated |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| Percent volatile | 98.29 % estimated |
| Specific gravity | 1.28 |
| VOC | 98.25 % estimated |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Fatal if inhaled. May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. |
|-------------------|--|

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|---|--|
| Skin contact | Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | Harmful if swallowed. |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Information on toxicological effects | |
| Acute toxicity | Fatal if inhaled. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1 % are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
| Carcinogenicity | May cause cancer. |
| IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | |
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | Cancer |
| US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens | |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |
| Reproductive toxicity | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. |
| Chronic effects | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

| Components | Species | | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---|----------------------------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Coho salmon, silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) | 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) | 1250 mg/l, 96 hours |

| Components | Species | | Test Results |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 1250 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 140.8 - 277.8 mg/l, 96 hours |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | > 100 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| | |
|--------------------|-------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- | 2.73 |
| ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- | 0.83 |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- | 1.25 |
| METHANOL | -0.77 |

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN2929 |
| UN proper shipping name | TOXIC LIQUIDS, FLAMMABLES, ORGANIC. N.O.S. |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 6.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | 3 |
| Packing group | II |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| ERG number | 131 |

DOT information on packaging may be different from that listed.

DOT



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

| | |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) | Listed. |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | Listed. |
| METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) | Listed. |

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) | Cancer Heart Central nervous system Liver Skin irritation Eye irritation |
|----------------------------------|---|

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % bywt. |
|--|------------|---------|
| BENZENE, METHYL- ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- | 108-88-3 | 3 |
| METHANE, DICHLORO- METHANOL | 111-76-2 | 7.5 |
| | 75-09-2 | 80.25 |
| | 67-56-1 | 7.5 |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)
METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2)
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2) Listed: April 1, 1988

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)
 ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- (CAS 111-76-2)
 METHANE, DICHLORO- (CAS 75-09-2)
 METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
 A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Issue date | 01-26-2018 |
| Version# | 01 |
| HMS® ratings | Health: 4* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0 |
| NFPA ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 |

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